

# 7th Fed4FIRE+ Open Call "enabling Hybrid beAmforming and Massive Mimo through IEaRning" HAMMER

Kostas Maliatsos

University of Piraeus

FEC 10

Virtual Review Meeting, 28/01/2022

# **CONCEPT – MOTIVATION & OBJECTIVES**



## **CONCEPT & MOTIVATION**

#### Concept:

Design, development & evaluation of an experimentation engine for hybrid beamforming & non-conventional massive MIMO enabled through DL & data analytics

#### Motivation:

2

- 5G NR already integrates cloud, VNF & RAN functionalities to meet demanding objectives
- Beyond 5G requirements demand: 1. Nonconventional massive MIMO systems supported by DL networks 2. Advanced beamformers with learning mechanisms hosted on mobile edge

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- Hybrid beamforming over SDR resources from Fed4FIRE+ & a MUPAR antenna provided by UPRC
- DL schemes for channel estimation on mobile UE & beamforming deployed over FED4FIRE+ computational resources
- Sandbox for link optimization tests & a REM service as VNF using the USRPs mounted on robots of FED4FIRE+ testbeds
- Measurement collection service as VNF, real-time monitoring app & a GAN for the development of proactive beamformer
- Integration of HAMMER to FED4FIRE+



# **Experiment Description – Hardware Elements**

# FED4FIRE

## ESPAR ANTENNA ELEMENT

- printed monopole ESPAR at 3.5 GHz (one active element – two parasitic elements)
- · compact size, low complexity, low cost
- pattern reconfigurability (PIN diode switching)
- switched impedance matching network



## MUPAR ANTENNA SYSTEM

- four ESPAR elements in series (stacked parallel configuration) 42.8mm distance
- 3D-printed plastic table (transparent in EM waves)
- generation of three patterns (one bidirectional, two directives) + beamscanning through phase shift
- controlling translation board (voltage drop to 0.9V)



### THE HAMMER SDR TRANSCEIVER two Ettus X310 USRPs with the OctoClock

**Experiment Description – Hardware Elements** 

- b) RF-box containing all the microwave RF components (phase shifters, amplifiers, circulators, splitters)
- c) MuPAR antenna system
- d) peripheral components (controlling translation board, GPIO extension, networking hub, RF cables, networking cables, FFC DC cables etc.)







4

## **Experiment Description – Software Elements**





## **Complete experiment setup**

TWO STAGES: TRAINING VS TESTING





## HAMMER Technical Results – Beamformer (1)

# DNN MODEL FOR BEAMFORMING: LIVE BEAMFORMING: PDF OF THE PERFORMANCE IN TERMS OF NSE RECEIVED POWER



- At 2000 epochs, NSE < 0.001 → small deviation from optimum
- Higher learning rate → faster convergence BUT 2000 epochs are needed for convergence
- Performance testing set < training set BUT degradation < 10%</li>
- DNN CAN BE USED for beamforming & optimum performance will asympotically be approached



- Analog beamforming  $\rightarrow$  improve reception
- Performance improvement using phase shifters & antenna with NO extra active elements & RF ports
- It seems that phase shifts outperform in beamforming significance the antenna → more elaborate antenna design



## HAMMER Technical Results – Beamformer (2)

# FED4FIRE



LIVE BEAMFORMING: CDF OF THE RX



- Beamforming gain > 15 dB vs OMNI reception at 50% & additional 5dB beamforming gain
- Performance degradation compared to real optimal parameter set < 10%</li>
- At the 20% percentile, capacity is tripled! Phase shifters adds approx. 20% at the achieved capacity
- The trained model → near-optimum performance with no need of exhaustive search or elaborate search at RX for beamforming parameter selection

#### LOSS FUNCTION VALUE OF THE GENERATOR & DISCRIMINATOR OF THE DEVELOPED GAN



- Convergence between the competitive networks the discriminator & generator → succesful configuration of the network
- Loss function relatively high → alternative network setups may be more effective & efficient
- The generated channels are generally close to the anticipated response for a given environment

8



#### 9 WWW.FED4FIRE.EU

Directivity (dBi)

-900

## **HAMMER Technical Results - ESPAR element**

- reflection coefficient level better than -25 dB at 3.5GHz for all the operating states of the antenna
- good agreement between simulated and measured S<sub>11</sub>
- quasi-omnidirectional pattern for the OFF-OFF state
- directional pattern for the ON-OFF and OFF-ON states (5.3 dB gain increase)
- slight upward pattern tilt at the elevation plane (12°)





## HAMMER Technical Results - MuPAR system

- reflection coefficient level (S<sub>11</sub>) better than -20dB
- negligible deviations are observed between the elements
- maximum directivity of 8dBi for the OFF-OFF state and 11dBi for the two ON-states (narrowed patterns at the azimuth plane due to the array configuration)
- side lobes more that 10dB lower from the main lobe
- the lobes seem are steered to 28°, 37° and 49° for phase shift 90°, 120° and 150° respectively
- the bidirectional shape (OFF-OFF) offers the ability to simultaneously steer two opposite lobes



Directivity (dBi)



120°

150<sup>0</sup>

0°12 dB

0°12 dB

-150°

90° -90°

-120

-150

# FED4FIRE

#### BUSINESS IMPACT

- Researchers exhibit a great industrial experience Convert HAMMER findings to useful industrial products.
- The successful outcome of the experiments can lead to a spin-off transition and the establishment of a promising start-up company.
- Employment of the MuPAR antenna on the BS
  - Compact size, low-cost solution, when compared to the existing conventional expensive antenna systems installed on the BSs.
  - MuPAR antenna features can give a new point of view for the new generation BSs (especially the indoor Base Stations employed in micro/pico-cells) offering a strong economic impact.
  - Hybrid beamforming can be used to decrease the transmission power levels of the BSs, prevent unnecessary broadcasting with omnidirectional fixed patterns and achieve a minimization of the exposure to EM radiation





### IMPACT ON RESEARCH AND ACADEMIC COMMUNITY

- Introduce new findings and technologies into the curriculum
- Present project results to students and university staff in seminars and tutorials
- Initiate / launch new PhD topics in wireless communications, make adjustments to UPRC's current research directions and achieve better cooperation with industrial partners
- Cooperation with distinguished partners from the Fed4FIRE+ consortium will strengthen the UPRC bonds with the applied research and will attract new cooperations
- TSL will enrich its portfolio of SDR implementations and tools
- HAMMER implementation will be provided as open-source and UPRC will be glad to help integrate it – both hardware and software components - into the FED4FIRE+ platform





## PERCEIVED VALUE FOR TSL (UPRC)

- Gained knowledge in a plethora of scientific fields in wireless communications:
  - hybrid beamforming techniques for 5G/beyond-5G wireless networks
  - deep learning tools upon channel estimation and beamforming schemes
  - radio access performance evaluation and
  - ➢ 5G waveform testing
- Access to hardware and software resources, that otherwise could not be exploited due to increased costs.
  - USRPs X310 and the Octoclock device
  - valuable know-how in SDR hardware, radio reconfiguration and inspiring suggestions provided by the patron.
- Cooperation with a prestigious research institute (IMEC w.iLab.t)
  - 13 WWW.FED4FIRE.EU





## PERCEIVED VALUE FOR TSL (UPRC)

- Boost of the TSL Academic Profile
  - increase the scientific impact of the university and establish it as a source of state-of-the-art research
  - conference paper (EUCAP 2022): oral presentation to describe the HAMMER MuPAR antenna system design and results
- Future expansions and new ideas:
  - > an advanced beamforming controller design for joint optimization of the Tx and Rx
  - development of advanced deep learning algorithms
  - implementation of alternative MuPAR antenna designs (patches, passive pixels, varactors)
  - development of advanced hybrid beamforming schemes
  - expansion to 6G and mmWave band employment of RIS technology



## **FEEDBACK (1)**



### **USED RESOURCES & TOOLS**

- Hardware & software resources over w.iLab.t and Virtual Wall testbed were utilized :
- **jFed**: Mature tool for unlimited remote access over different hardware & software resources.GUI was friendly. No problems occured.
- Robot Dashboard: Quite mature platform for driving mobile robots with some of them having USRPs mounted. Sometimes → failure to park/auto-dock robots
- W.iLab.t inventory: Well-developed platform for reserving servers, APUs, USRPs, mobile robots, etc. No problems occured.

## **USED RESOURCES & TOOLS**

- SDR components: Unlimited acess to a wide variety of high-end SDR resources: 1. USRPs (X310, B210, etc.) 2. The Octoclock device. Software (GNU radio, UHD drivers, etc,) was installed!
- **Mobility toolkit**: Robots equipped with radio equipment that can move on-demand and perform measurements.
- w.iLab.t toolkits : Most of the tookits was easy to use. Mobile toolkit & "Creating experiment with mobile node" tutorial allowed 1. automated robot driving 2. coordinate extraction. No problems occurred BUT more details about establishing internet access are expected



## **FEEDBACK (2)**



### **USED RESOURCES & TOOLS**

Tutorials & howto's: w.iLabt's tutorials & howto's → easy to follow & detailed. Representative examples to customize based on our needs were also available. No problems occured BUT extensions to the existing tutorials could include:

- Case-focused examples that can be used as a guideline for other similar experiments e.g.,
  "Conducting experiments using X3x00 USRPs and mobile nodes"
- Video tutorials illustrating the procedure of conducting an experiment using different resources (e.g., SDRs, mobile robots etc.) beginning from the reservation phase through the end of the experimentation phase

## USED RESOURCES & TOOLS

#### And some problems...

#### **OpenStack:**

- Difficulties occurred on deploying OpenStack through EnOS: 1. EnOS installation problematique due to python libraries incompatibility issues & outdated Ubuntu release 2. The tutorial provided was outdated.
- After several failed attempts → EnOS 6.0.2 was successfully installed on Ubuntu 18.04 LTS manually & "reservation.yaml" file was created.
- Problems on "enos deploy" due to technical difficulties regarding ssh keys were occurred
- Feedback from Virtual Wall → could not find alternative solutions



## **FEEDBACK (3)**



#### ADDED VALUE OF FED4FIRE+

The most highly valuable components offered by FED4FIRE+ are in order of importance:

- **Diversity of available resources:** Wide diversity of hardware (USRPs X3x0, Octoclock, robots, etc.) & software resources without restrictions that TSL could not afford due to increases costs!
- Easy, stable, remote access: Unlimited & uninterruptedly easy access without the need for physical presence
- Tutorials and documentation: w.iLab.t provided easy-to-follow documentation & tutorials followed by real experiments
- Funding for applied research and innovation!

#### ADDED VALUE OF FED4FIRE+

#### Support:

- Opportunity to contact the w-iLab.t support team directly via email and arrangement of telcos for technical discussion. Cooperation was excellent (encouraged to address any issues, quick mail-response, etc.).
- Work with the w.iLab.t team consisting of highly-trained, scientifically-acclaimed researchers & engineers
- TSL & w.iLab.t team share common research directions → easy for w-iLab.t team to get familiar with HAMMER experiment & catch-up with the concept.

## **FEEDBACK (4)**



#### WHAT IS MISSING

Although not necessary, some small additions/extension suggestions for shorter learning curve - provided as feedback are:

- **Direct integration** of containers and Docker in the testbed environment (put your container directly to work!)
- Antenna variety for non-ISM bands
- Scripts: Provide fundamental scripts in different programming languages (MATLAB, C++,etc) for enabling 5G experimentation & SDR experiments. Experimenters would strongly be encouraged to improve & extend the initial versions. This ability is missing from Fed4FIRE+ consortium.
- Integration with other testbeds (e.g., Grid5000) not through public internet (is it possible?).
- Big data support especially for storing
- Ways to accelerate experiment initialization for custom images.

#### SUGGESTIONS FOR IMPROVEMENT

- Radio Hardware: Integration of mmWave RF development kits.
- Software: More software resources such as LabVIEW could be added
- **Tools:** Tools for real-time monitoring, observing and supervising experiments (possibly through cameras) could also be added
- Tutorial videos: Example videos for conducting several fundamental experiments (using mobile nodes, different SDR resources & tools ) step-by-step → less technical failures
- In conclusion, using Fed4FIRE+ was, in general, a very pleasant experience!







This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme, which is co-funded by the European Commission and the Swiss State Secretariat for Education, Research and Innovation, under grant agreement No 732638.

#### WWW.FED4FIRE.EU